What does Serrapeptase enzyme do?

Dead and inflamed tissue are two of the key causes of the majority of ailments in the body. Serrapeptase digests (dissolves) non-living tissue, blood clots, cysts, and arterial plaque and all inflamed tissue which is then dispersed.

There is a growing list of conditions that respond to Serrapeptase simply taken orally in tablet or capsule form.

- Arthritis
- Fibrocystic breast disease
- Carpal tunnel syndrome
- Atherosclerosis
- MS
- Traumatic injury (e.g. sprains and torn ligaments)
- Post-operative inflammation
- Head-aches, migraines caused by inflammation
- To support various treatments of infections
- Cystitis
- Bronchial Asthma
- Eye Problems:
  - Inflammation
  - Blocked veins etc
- ENT problems:
  - Sinusitis problems
  - Chronic ear infections
  - Runny nose etc

And what is more, in over 25 years of studies and usage no harmful side effects have been found.

The Safe Enzyme Alternative

The search for a superior enzyme that offers safe but powerful anti-inflammatory properties, thus averting the terrible side effects, ended when Serratia peptidase (Serrapeptase) enzyme was
discovered in the early 70's. Serrapeptase is now in wide clinical use throughout Europe and Asia as a viable alternative to salicylates, ibuprofen (sold as an OTC in the U.S.) and the more potent NSAIDs. Serrapeptase is an anti-inflammatory, proteolytic enzyme isolated from the microorganism, Serratia E15 and has no inhibitory effects on prostaglandins, is devoid of gastrointestinal side effects and offers a sensible alternative.

Serrapeptase the Enzyme

Serrapeptase is processed commercially in the laboratory through fermentation. It was originally found in the silkworm. The silkworm has a special relationship with the Serratia E15 microorganisms in its intestines. The enzymes secreted by the bacteria in silkworm intestines have the ability to dissolve avital tissue, but have no detrimental effect on the host's living cells. Thus by dissolving the silkworm's protective cocoon (avital tissue), the winged creature is able to emerge and fly away.

Serrapeptase References:


